Remote I/O R3 Series

TEMPERATURE CONTROL MODULE

Functions & Features
• Two PID controllers
• Universal input x 2 points, control output x 4 points, discrete input x 2 points, clamp-on current sensor input x 2 points
• 2 universal inputs configurable to T/C, RTD, DC current or voltage independently
• Discrete inputs usable to switch PID bank or operation mode
• Control outputs configurable to MV, PV or alarm
• Clamp-on current sensor input enables to detect heater wire break or over current
• Auto tuning function
• Minimum construction with an installation base (model: R3-BS02), interface module and temperature controller module
• Configurable with PC configurator (model: R3CON)
• Mixed installation with other I/O modules

CONTROL LOOP
2: 2 loops

[1] CONTROL OUTPUT
A: 0 - 20 mA DC (Load resistance 500 Ω max.)
Open-collector 2 points
V: 0 – 10 V DC (Load resistance 2 kΩ max.)
Open-collector 2 points

P: 12 V pulse (Load resistance 600 Ω max.)
Open-collector 2 points

COMMUNICATION MODE
S: Single

[2] OPTIONS
blank: none
/Q: With options (specify the specification)

SPECIFICATIONS OF OPTION: Q
COATING (For the detail, refer to M-System's web site.)
/C01: Silicone coating
/C02: Polyurethane coating
/C03: Rubber coating

RELATED PRODUCTS
• Modbus Interface Module (model: R3-NM3)
  (Not compatible with other Network modules)
• PC configurator software (model: R3CON)
  Downloadable at M-System’s web site.
  A dedicated cable is required to connect the module to the PC. Please refer to the internet software download site or the users manual for the PC configurator for applicable cable types.
• Clamp-on current sensor (model: CLSE)
  (Used for detecting the heater wire break)

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS
Connection
Internal bus: Via the Installation Base (model: R3-BSx)
Input, control output: M3 separable screw terminal (torque 0.5 N·m)
Internal power: Via the Installation Base (model: R3-BSx)
Screw terminal: Nickel-plated steel
Isolation: P1 to P2 to CT1 or CT2 to D1 or D2 to MV1 or MV2 to Do1 or Do2 to internal bus or internal power
CT input waveform
RMS sensing: Up to 15 % of 3rd harmonic content
RUN indicator: Bi-color (red/green) LED;
Red when the internal bus operates normally.
ERR indicator: Bi-color (red/green) LED; Red at device error;
Green in normal operating conditions.
Loop status indicator (RUN1): Red LED; turns on when loop 1 operating
Loop status indicator (AUTO1): Red LED; turns on during auto mode, turns off during manual mode at loop 1
Loop status indicator (ERR1): Red LED; turns on during error at loop 1
Loop status indicator (ALM1): Red LED; turns on when alarm
trip on loop 1

Loop status indicator (RUN2): Red LED; turns on when loop 2 operating

Loop status indicator (AUTO2): Red LED; turns on during auto mode, turns off during manual mode at loop 2

Loop status indicator (ERR2): Red LED; turns on during error at loop 2

Loop status indicator (ALM2): Red LED; turns on when alarm trip on loop 2

Control mode: Standard PID, heating and cooling control (ON/OFF, PID)

Proportional band (P): 0.1 to 999.9 (temperature unit)

Integral time (I): 0.0 to 9999.9 sec.

Derivative time (D): 0.0 to 9999.9 sec.

Auto-tuning: Limit cycle method

Alarm: Deviation high & low, absolute high & low, etc.

Sampling cycle: 100 msec.

Control cycle: 0.1 to 99.9 sec.

MV output range: -5 - +105 %

Parameters: Stored in E PROM; write/erase cycle endurance: less than 100 000

Parameter setting: With PC configurator software (model: R3CON)

User-configurable items: With PC configurator software (model: R3CON)
  - Input type
  - Input range
  - Output range
  - Cold junction compensation; CJC sensor attached to input terminal. CJC can be enabled or disabled per each universal input.

INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

■ Universal input 1, 2 (Pv1, Pv2)
  For type and range configuration, refer to the instruction manual.

DC Current:
  - Input range: 0 - 20 mA DC
  - Input resistance: 49.9 Ω resistor incorporated
    • DC voltage input
    - Input resistance: ≥ 10 kΩ (-1000 to +1000 mV DC)
    - Input resistance: ≥ 1 MΩ (-10 to + 10 V DC)
    • Thermocouple
    - Input resistance: ≥ 10 kΩ
    - Input range: Refer to the table 1
    - Burnout sensing: ≤ 4 μA
    - Conformance range: Refer to the table 1
      • RTD (2-wire or 3-wire)
        - Excitation: ≤ 0.33 mA
        - Allowable leadwire resistance: 20 Ω per wire
    • Potentiometer
        - Excitation: ≤ 0.33 mA
        - Allowable leadwire resistance: 20 Ω per wire

■ Clamp-on current sensor (CT1, CT2)
  (Sensor model No.: AC input)
  - CLSE-R5: 0 – 5 A
  - CLSE-05: 0 – 50 A
  - CLSE-10: 0 – 100 A
  - CLSE-20: 0 – 200 A
  - CLSE-40: 0 – 400 A
  - CLSE-60: 0 – 600 A
  - Frequency: 50 / 60 Hz (45 - 65 Hz)
  - Operational range: 0 - 120 % of rating
  - Overload capacity:
    - CLSE-R5: 10 A continuous
    - CLSE-05: 60 A continuous
    - CLSE-10: 120 A continuous
    - CLSE-20: 240 A continuous
    - CLSE-40: 480 A continuous
    - CLSE-60: 720 A continuous
  - Be sure that the input voltage is of 480 V or less.

■ Discrete Input (Di1, Di2)
  - Contact rating: 3.3 V @1 mA
  - Detection levels:
    - ≤ 15 kΩ / 0.5 V at close
    - ≥ 350 kΩ / 2.5 V at open

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Four control outputs are configurable to Mv, Ao or Do.

■ Control Output (Mv1, Mv2)
  - Specify the type of output with the code number.
    - DC Current: 0 - 20 mA DC
      - Operational range: 0 - 23 mA DC
      - Load resistance: ≤ 500 Ω
    - DC Voltage: 0 - 10 V DC
      - Operational range: 0 - 11.5 V DC
      - Load resistance: ≥ 2 kΩ

■ Voltage Pulse
  - Maximum frequency: 1 Hz
  - Minimum pulse width: 1 msec.
  - HI level: 12 V ±15 %
  - Lo level: ≤ 0.5 V
  - Load resistance: 600 Ω min.

■ Control Output (Do1, Do2)
  - Open collector
    - Maximum frequency: 1 Hz
    - Minimum pulse width: 1 msec.

■ Discrete Output (Do1, Do2)
  - Output rating: 50 V DC 100 mA (resistive load)
  - Saturation voltage: 0.5 V DC
**INSTALLATION**

Operating temperature: -10 to +55°C (14 to 131°F)
Operating humidity: 30 to 90 %RH (non-condensing)
Atmosphere: No corrosive gas or heavy dust
Mounting: Installation Base (model: R3-BSx)
Weight: 200 g (0.44 lb)

**PERFORMANCE**

Accuracy
- Pv1 or Pv2: Refer to "Input type, range & conversion accuracy" section.
- CT1 or CT2: ±2 % (sensor error margin not included)
- MV1 or MV2: ±0.5 % (added to the input accuracy)

Data allocation: 8
Current consumption: ≤ 120 mA
Cold junction compensation error:
±2.0°C at 0 – 50°C (±3.6°F at 32 – 122°F)

Temp. coefficient
- Pv1 or Pv2: ±0.03 %/°C (± 0.02 %/°F)
- CT1 or CT2: ±0.03 %/°C (± 0.02 %/°F)

Response time
- CT1 or CT2: ≤ 2 sec. (0 – 90 %)
- MV1 or MV2: ≤ 1 sec. (0 – 90 %, DC output)

Burnout response: ≤ 10 sec.

Insulation resistance: ≥ 100 MΩ with 500 V DC

Dielectric strength: 1000 V AC @1 minute (Pv1 to Pv2 to CT1 or CT2 to Di1 or Di2 to MV1 or MV2 to Do1 or Do2 to internal bus or internal power)
1500 V AC @1 minute (internal power to FG)
## INPUT TYPE, RANGE & CONVERSION ACCURACY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUT TYPE</th>
<th>INPUT RANGE</th>
<th>ACCURACY *1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DC Current</td>
<td>0 – 20mA DC</td>
<td>±20μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC Voltage</td>
<td>-1000 – +1000mV DC</td>
<td>When the 100% is ≤ 50mV ±10μV, ≤ 200mV ±40μV, ≤ 500mV ±60μV, &gt; 500mV ±80μV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potentiometer</td>
<td>0 – 4000Ω</td>
<td>±0.1Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistor</td>
<td>0 – 4000Ω</td>
<td>±0.1Ω</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### THERMOCOUPLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUT RANGE</th>
<th>°C</th>
<th>ACCURACY *1</th>
<th>CONFORMANCE RANGE</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>ACCURACY *1</th>
<th>CONFORMANCE RANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(PR) 0 – 1760</td>
<td>±1.00</td>
<td>0 – 1760</td>
<td>32 – 3200</td>
<td>±1.80</td>
<td>32 – 3200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K (CA) -270 – +1370</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>-150 – +1370</td>
<td>-454 – +2498</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>-238 – +2498</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E (CRC) -270 – +1000</td>
<td>±0.20</td>
<td>-170 – +1000</td>
<td>-454 – +1832</td>
<td>±0.36</td>
<td>-274 – +1832</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J (IC) -210 – +1200</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>-180 – +1200</td>
<td>-346 – +2192</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>-292 – +2192</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T (CC) -270 – +400</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>-170 – +400</td>
<td>-454 – +752</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>-274 – +752</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (RH) 100 – 1820</td>
<td>±0.75</td>
<td>400 – 1760</td>
<td>212 – 3308</td>
<td>±1.35</td>
<td>752 – 3200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R -50 – +1760</td>
<td>±0.50</td>
<td>200 – 1760</td>
<td>-58 – +3200</td>
<td>±0.90</td>
<td>392 – 3200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S -50 – +1760</td>
<td>±0.50</td>
<td>0 – 1760</td>
<td>-58 – +3200</td>
<td>±0.90</td>
<td>32 – 3200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (WRe 5-26) 0 – 2315</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>0 – 2315</td>
<td>32 – 4199</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>32 – 4199</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N -270 – +1300</td>
<td>±0.30</td>
<td>-130 – +1300</td>
<td>-454 – +2372</td>
<td>±0.54</td>
<td>-202 – +2372</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U -200 – +600</td>
<td>±0.20</td>
<td>-200 – +600</td>
<td>-328 – +1112</td>
<td>±0.36</td>
<td>-328 – +1112</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L -200 – +900</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>-200 – +900</td>
<td>-328 – +1652</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>-328 – +1652</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P (Platinel ll) 0 – 1395</td>
<td>±0.25</td>
<td>0 – 1395</td>
<td>32 – 2543</td>
<td>±0.45</td>
<td>32 – 2543</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### RTD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUT RANGE</th>
<th>°C</th>
<th>ACCURACY *1</th>
<th>INPUT RANGE</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>ACCURACY *1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pt 100 (JIS ‘97, IEC) -200 – +850</td>
<td>±0.20</td>
<td>-328 – +1562</td>
<td>±0.36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pt 500 -200 – +850</td>
<td>±0.40</td>
<td>-328 – +1562</td>
<td>±0.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pt 1000 -200 – +850</td>
<td>±0.40</td>
<td>-328 – +1562</td>
<td>±0.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pt 50Ω (JIS ‘81) -200 – +649</td>
<td>±0.40</td>
<td>-328 – +1200</td>
<td>±0.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JPt 100 (JIS ‘89) -200 – +510</td>
<td>±0.20</td>
<td>-328 – +950</td>
<td>±0.36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ni 508.4Ω -50 – +200</td>
<td>±0.40</td>
<td>-58 – +392</td>
<td>±0.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cu 10@25°C -50 – +250</td>
<td>±0.50</td>
<td>-58 – +482</td>
<td>±0.90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1. DC input: Value indicated above or ±0.1% of span, whichever is greater

Thermocouple: CJC error margin (2.0 °C, 3.6 °F) added value indicated above or ±0.1% of span, whichever is greater

RTD, Resistor: Value indicated above or ±0.1% of span, whichever is greater

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### EXTERNAL VIEW

![External View Diagram](image-url)
EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS & TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS unit: mm (inch)

- CJC SENSOR (2)
- 20-M3 SCREW
- TERMINAL COVER
- POSITIONING GUIDE

Dimensions and assignments are shown in the diagram.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUITRY & CONNECTION DIAGRAM

- **UNIVERSAL INPUT CONNECTION** (Pv1) e.g.
  - DC Voltage (-10 – +10V DC)
  - DC Current (0 – 20mA DC)
  - DC Voltage (-1000 – +1000mV DC)

- **UNIVERSAL INPUT CONNECTION** (Pv2) e.g.
  - DC Voltage (-10 – +10V DC)
  - DC Current (0 – 20mA DC)
  - DC Voltage (-1000 – +1000mV DC)

- **CT 1 / CT 2 CONNECTION** e.g.
  - Clamp-on current sensor

- **DISCRETE INPUT CONNECTION** e.g.

- **CONTROL OUTPUT 1 & 2 CONNECTION** e.g.

- **CONTROL OUTPUT 3 & 4 CONNECTION** e.g.
# SYSTEM CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES

1. **1 loop heating ON/OFF control and heater wire break detection**

   **Installation example:**
   - Base (model: R3–BS)
   - Interface Module (model: R3–NM3)
   - Temperature Control Module (model: R3–TC2)
   - Clamp-on Current Sensor (model: CLSE)
   - Oven
   - Heater
   - Relay
   - Temperature sensor

   **Process until start operating:**
   1. Turn ON power supply
   2. Set input sensor type and range
   3. Set CT input to wire break detection
   4. Select control mode (ON/OFF Control)
   5. Specify target temperature (SP)
   6. Select operation mode (auto)
   7. Start operation

2. **1 loop heating and cooling control (PID)**

   **Installation example:**
   - Base (model: R3–BS)
   - Power Supply Module (R3–PS1)
   - Interface Module (model: R3–NM3)
   - Temperature Control Module (model: R3–TC2)
   - DC Voltage Input Module (model: R3–SV4)
   - Object to heat/cool
   - Temperature sensor

   **Process until start operating:**
   1. Turn ON power supply
   2. Set input sensor type and range
   3. Select control mode (PID)
   4. Set deadband
   5. Specify target temperature (SP)
   6. Select operation mode (auto)
   7. Start operation

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**Note:** The examples above are for single loop, however, dual loop control is also available using only one R3-TC2.

⚠️ **Specifications are subject to change without notice.**